### Parashah 39 Hukkat (Regulations) Day 6 of the 4th Biblical month

Day 7 of Av, the 10th Jewish month of 5777. Day 1 of July, the 7th Gregorian month of 2017



A Messianic congregation of Believers in Yeshua HaMashiach

# SHABBAT NEWSLETTER

Video streaming live and on demand via our website... www.bgemc.org



www.ctomc.ca

BGEMC a Charter member of CTOMC.

# TEHILLAH - Service of Praise

Welcome to Beit Gan-Eden (House [of] Paradise)! We are gathered here in the name of our righteous Messiah, Yeshua, to worship our Heavenly Father (Abba). Yeshua tells us. "Y'HoVaH is Spirit and worshipers must worship Him in spirit and in truth." Yochanan (John) 4:24. Shabbat Shalom, everyone!

# TEFILLAH - Service of Prayer

All sing: "Sh'ma Yisrael, Y'HoVaH Eloheinu, Y'HoVaH echad. (Deu 6:4)

Baruch Shem kavod malchuto, le'olam va'ed!"

All say: "Hear, O Isra'el, Y'HoVaH our Elohim, Y'HoVaH is one!

Blessed be His Name. His glorious Kingdom is for ever and ever."

Leader: "V'ahayta et Y'HoVah elohecha b'kol l'vay'cha u'v'kol nafsh'cha u'v'kol

m'odecha." All say: "And you shall love Y'HoVaH your Elohim with all your heart, and with all your soul, and with all your might. (Deut 6:5) And Yeshua said: "Love your neighbour as yourself. All the Torah and the prophets are dependent on these two mitzvot." (Mat 22:37-40)

Leader: "Y'HoVaH hu Yeshua HaMashiach". (Phil 2:11; 1Cor 12:3; Luke 2:11)

All say: "Yeshua the Messiah He is LORD". Amen.

# BLESSING THE CHILDREN B'rachot Yeledim ברכות ילדים

Prayer for boys from *Gen 27:27b-29*. May Y'HoVaH make you, like Efrayim and M'nasheh ... Prayer for girls from *Num 6:24-26*. May Y'HoVaH make you, like Sarah, Rivkah, Rachel and Leah...

All pray together: "Heavenly Abba preserve these children for their fathers and mothers. May they be led into a life of obedience and faith through the Tanakh and Ketuvei HaShelichim. Blessed are You, Yah of Avraham, Yitz'chak and Ya'akov, who watches over these precious children of Your servants. We ask this in Yeshua's Name, Amein.

**Prayer for the lost sheep of the House of Israel** (Mat15:24)

TORAH - Service of The Word

# Parashah 39 Hukkat (Regulations)

**Torah:** Numbers 19:1 - 22:1

Haftarah (Prophets): Shof'tim (Judges) 11:1-33

**Ketuvei HaShelichim:**(Writing [of] the Apostles):

Yochanan (John) 3:9-21; 4:3-30; 12:27-50

**Drashah (message):** M.Min. Tamar Yeomans

Hazak, hazak, v'nit'chazek! (Be strong, be strong, and let us be strengthened!)



Ordained Messianic Ministers: Tamar & Ken 'Malachi' Yeomans 1/69 Falconer Street, Southport (PO Box 3289 Australia Fair) Qld 4215 Office: +61 (0)7 5528 5955 Fax +61 (0)7 5528 5977

Tamar +61 (0)4 1875 0577 Malachi +61 (0)4 1874 5120

Email: info@bgemc.org Internet: www.bgemc.org

# MISHPACHAH MEMOS

# BGEMC SERVICES VIDEOS LIVE & ON DEMAND ON THE INTERNET The video is whomever & whatever appears on the big screen.

For videos go to <a href="www.bgemc.org">www.bgemc.org</a> and click or tap the Livestream button Hear audios of the messages or whole service via the site's DOWNLOADS tab.

#### SHABBAT SHUL (SCHOOL)

Children ages 6 (Prep) to 12 may attend with Mark Batakin.

Younger children may attend with a parent. Shabbat Shul begins in the adjoining room, straight after "Blessing the Children"; prior to the Parashah readings.

Shabbat Shul ends at the start of the "Yeshua Remembrance Service"

Parents please resume proactive responsibility for your children at this time and note that children running around inside is not authorised by building management.

#### TORAH PEARLS NEXT SATURDAY AFTER LUNCH

OFFERINGS TO BEIT GAN-EDEN Messianic Community may be by: Cash or cheque in the blue & white offering box; EFTPOS Pay-Wave self-serve; PayPal to info@bgemc.org; "Donate" buttons on www.bgemc.org and Direct deposit. Acct: BEIT GAN-EDEN LIMITED. BSB: 06 4430 Acct: 1110 6647 International: Bic/Swift Code: CTBAAU2S. Account Number: 06443011106647



### **NEW MOON SIGHTING Sunday June, 25.**

First Sliver photo of the new moon at 5:29pm last Sunday evening from Falconer St., Southport in Qld's Gold Coast Illumination 2.3%;

Altitude (elevation) 9.1°

Azimuth (bearing) 297.8° NW

Sunset (start) time 5:pm ;Civil dusk 5:25pm.

Moon set time 6:20 pm.

The moon sighting confirmed Monday June 26th as the first of the 4th Biblical month.

Image Malachi, Galaxy S7 phone, adjusted in Corel Paint.

Notes:

BGEMC Gold Coast (Saturdays 10am)
Prana Centre. (behind Cafe Prana)
832 Southport-Nerang Road,
Nerang, Qld 4211 <a href="mailto:info@bgemc.org">info@bgemc.org</a>
Airconditioned and free undercover parking.

#### **BGEMC** Adelaide

Saturdays 10:30am Leader: Annette 04 0444 3088 (phone or email for details) Email:bgemc.adelaide@gmail.com



#### Israel strikes Hamas targets following Gaza rocket attack

By JPost.com Staff 06/27/2017

According to the IDF, two military facilities belonging to Hamas were targeted in the north and south of the Gaza Strip.

The Israeli Air Force targeted Hamas infrastructure in the Gaza Strip on Monday night following an earlier rocket attack from the Hamas-controlled territory, according to a statement released by the IDF.

According to the statement, the airstrikes targeted two military facilities belonging to Hamas in the north and south of the Gaza Strip.

As Hamas controls the Gaza Strip, it is considered responsible for all attempts in Gaza that seek to harm Israel, reads the statement.

Earlier on Monday, Islamic State-affiliated group Ahfad al-Sahaba claimed responsibility for the firing of a rocket.

The group claimed responsibility via a statement that was shared through Israeli media. This is not the first time that the group, which has sworn allegiance to Islamic State, has claimed responsibility for a rocket attack.

The projectile landed in an open area near the Sha'ar Hanegev Regional Council in southern Israel, the IDF said.

No injuries and no damage were reported. A red siren alert was not activated as it was detected early on that the projectile was aimed at an open area.

#### Israel gears up for Jerusalem sovereignty fight in UNESCO

By Tovah Lazaroff in JPost.com 06/27/2017

The diplomatic battle comes at the same time Israel is dealing with the American Jewish community over the centrality of the Western Wall as a global Jewish symbol.

Israel is pushing to sway the 21 nations on UNESCO's World Heritage Committee to reject a resolution disavowing Israeli sovereignty in Jerusalem, when the committee meets in Krakow, Poland, July 2-12.

The diplomatic battle comes at the same time Israel is dealing with the American Jewish community over the centrality of the Western Wall as a global Jewish symbol.

Diplomatic sources told The Jerusalem Post, however, that they did not believe American Jewry's anger over the cancellation of an egalitarian prayer section at the Western Wall would distract Israel in its campaign for UNESCO recognition of the Jewish and Israeli connection to Jerusalem.

Jordan submitted a resolution on Jerusalem on Monday that calls to rescind "all legislative and administrative measures and actions taken by Israel, the occupying Power, which have altered or purport to alter the character and status of the Holy City of Jerusalem." This includes the basic law on Jerusalem, the resolution states.

Earlier this year, UNESCO's 58-member Executive Board passed a similar resolution.



Both resolutions backed away from a two-year campaign by Arab states to refer solely to Judaism's holiest sites – the Temple Mount and the Western Wall – solely by their Muslim names. In 2015 and 2016 resolutions, those sites

were referred to as Al-Haram Al-Sharif and the Buraq Wall.

Israel's ambassador to UNESCO, Carmel Shama HaCohen, said that while the resolution had been watered down, "we're not distinguishing between the texts." It is a bad resolution designed solely to obsessively "pursue and persecute" Israel, he said.

"We're explaining to all the nations that no matter how hard you try to persuade a person that it's better to be an oven set to 100 degrees rather than 1,000 degrees, that person would prefer to be at room temperature," he said.

Israel doesn't want softer language – it wants the resolutions to end, she added.

The World Heritage Committee debates these resolutions on a yearly basis since 1982, when Jerusalem's Old City and its sites were inscribed under Jordan on the World Heritage List in Danger.

That inscription must be reaffirmed on a yearly basis until such time as the site is no longer classified as endangered.

Israel is now worried that similar annual anti-Israel resolutions will stem from the Palestinian Authority's bid this year to inscribe the Old City of Hebron, including the Tomb of the Patriarchs, under "Palestine" on the World Heritage List in Danger.

Deputy Foreign Minister Tzipi Hotovely spoke with foreign ambassadors based in Israel about the pending Hebron vote, and warned that "Jewish [holy] sites are being Islamized."

#### 'The next war will be bloody': A trip along Israel's tense northern border

By Anna Ahronheim, Seth J. Frantzman, June 28, 2017 www.jpost.com/printarticle.aspx?id=498169

The next war will be pretty bloody for both sides. Israel will evacuate its population and I suggest the Lebanese do the same," Lt.-Col. (res.) Sarit Zehavi told The Jerusalem Post at a briefing in Metulla, Israel's northernmost town at the border with Lebanon.

Zehavi heads Alma, a local organization that briefs visitors about the security situation – which has grown a bit tense of late. In the event of war with Hezbollah, Metulla is expected to be one of the communities evacuated.

But despite the ever-present risk of conflict with the Lebanese Shi'ite group, the community of 2,000 people continues to grow. As Zehavi spoke on Tuesday, Lebanese workers could be spotted in the distance, and tractors rolled down the streets of Metulla. It was a business-as-usual scene that belied the threats overshadowing the border region.

Israel has long avoided evacuating civilians during wars, but is looking to change that policy in the North. In addition to the threat posed by Hezbollah's stockpile of more than 100,000 rockets, the IDF is now concerned about the very real possibility of ground attacks against Israeli communities.

"Hezbollah knows how to fight and how to move large forces," Zehavi said, stressing that the group would likely not try to seize any Israeli villages.

But many are worried that Hezbollah "may try to strike fear throughout the country by massacring civilians."

"It will be a totally new battlefield than what we saw in 2006," she said,



pointing out that the group has significantly increased its battlefield knowledge by fighting for the regime of Bashar Assad.

"Everything they learn in Syria, including from the Russians, they will put into use here."

Israel and Hezbollah fought a 34-day war in 2006. Since then, hostilities between the sides have been limited to occasional firing from across the border and reported Israeli air strikes against Hezbollah leaders and military equipment in Syria.

Israel has the dilemma of responding and deterring Hezbollah while not escalating the conflict, it's all about deterrence and about making them understand that the cost of conflict will be very high," Zehavi said. She discussed two scenarios that would lead to war on the Lebanese front.

"One would be Iran deciding to give the order to attack Israel, and the other would be a miscalculation by either side which would escalate into a full-blown war," she asserted as she pointed out a large poster put up by Hezbollah on a hill overlooking houses being constructed in Metulla.

Next to the poster, which Zehavi said was put up last week to commemorate al-Quds Day, fly two Hezbollah flags and a large Palestinian one. A Hezbollah poster features a photo of the Dome of the Rock and an armed fighter. The face of Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini glowers down over the dome where "We are coming" is written in Hebrew and Arabic.

Hezbollah, which is supported by the majority of the Shi'ite population in Lebanon, has not only inserted itself into every aspect of civil life, but is using civilian homes to store its weapons, an arsenal rebuilt and improved with the help of Iran.

The area near the Lebanese border has been flagged by the IDF as vulnerable to enemy infiltration and has seen two such incursions into Israel since 2009, Zehavi said. While the army hasn't found any tunnels in the North, the terrain allows fighters to hide ahead of an attack, she said, adding, "Hezbollah knows how to dig."

The border fence was originally built in the 1980s. While sections have been upgraded several times with engineered barriers – including reinforced concrete panels several meters high and concrete walls and fortified watchtowers – it is considered by some to be in poor condition.

This has led Israel to invest significant amounts of money and effort into strengthening defenses along the border over the past several years, creating obstacles such as artificial cliffs and building high concrete barriers to help prevent ground attacks by Hezbollah.

A six-meter tall steel and barbed wire "smart fence" stretching several kilometers with information collection centers and warning systems is to be built along two stretches of the Lebanese border. According to Zehavi, one can already see the fence being built between Rosh Hanikra and Kibbutz Hanita, northeast of Nahariya.

But it is not only along those stretches that one can find construction aimed at protecting civilians. Fortified shelters that include bus stops have recently been constructed. Additional recently built barriers can be seen when driving toward the Syrian border on a short detour toward the town of Ghajar, which straddles the

Syrian border on a short detour toward the town of Ghajar, which straddles the Israel-Lebanon border. These barriers are intended to shield civilians from the kind of fighting that broke out on June 25, when five rebel groups attacked

Syrian regime positions near Quneitra within view of the Golan Heights. After two days of fighting, in which numerous projectiles hit on Israel's side of the border and Israel responded by targeting Syrian regime military positions, the rebel attack was beaten back and quiet returned to the border area.

Thierry Laskart, a resident and tour guide who has lived in the Golan kibbutz of El Rom for seven years, said the intermittent fighting is normal in the area for the last few years.

### Why Iran and Israel may be on the verge of conflict — in Syria

Opinion - New Your Post by Benny Avni, June 27, 2017

TEL AVIV — Some Israelis like to go to the Golan, where from the safety of a ramp overlooking the valley below, they can watch — no binoculars needed — the most consequential regional event of the age: the Syrian civil war.

This week, however, the Israel Defense Forces closed the area for visitors, letting in only the local farmers who worried about missing the cherry harvest.

That's because for three days in a row, mortar shells flew across the border onto the Israeli-controlled side of the Golan, putting war gawkers at too much risk.

Most likely, the shells overflew their real target: one of the sides in the increasingly heated battle in an area around Quneitra, a town divided between Israel and Syria. Various Sunni militias are entrenched in the area, and Syrian forces loyal to Bashar al-Assad are trying to clear them out.

Control of the road between Quneitra and Dara to the south (where the uprising against Assad started six years ago) is key for the Syrian army — and even more so for its patrons in Tehran. By capturing this road, and the area east of Israel and north of Jordan, they can establish a land corridor from Iran, through Iraq, to Damascus and Syria's neighbor, Lebanon.

Throw in Yemen, and Iran's dream, of a "Shiite crescent" that would make it the Mideast's dominant force, comes true.

The Syria war is complex, involving many powers pulling in all directions. But Iran and its allied militias — Shiite Iraqis, foreigners from Afghanistan and elsewhere, Hezbollah, Assad's army — have emerged as a chief worry for policymakers in Riyadh, Amman and Jerusalem. True, Israel knows how to handle spillover from war on its border. IDF surgical strikes hit Syrian army targets over the past few days, which was enough to at least pause the cross-border seepage of fire into the Golan.

The larger concern for Israeli policymakers here is that Iran and its allied militias, already in control of south Lebanon, are trying to cement a beachhead in Syria.

And that's exactly what's happening. "Iran is attempting to use the civil war to establish air force and naval bases in Syria," Israel's Energy Minister Yuval Steinitz told Israel Radio this week.

It's not just Syria. IDF intelligence chief Herzi Halevi said Iran is also building arms factories in Lebanon, a country now dominated by its local proxy, Hezbollah. The mullahs, he said, similarly use Yemeni proxies, the Houthis, to manufacture weapons in that strategically located country next door to Saudi Arabia.

# YESHUA REMEMBRANCE SERVICE

"Here, the days are coming," says Y'HoVaH, "when I will make a new Covenant with the house of Isra'el and with the house of Y'hudah. <sup>32</sup>It will not be like the covenant I made with their fathers on the day I took them by their hand and brought them out of the land of Egypt; because they, for their part violated My Covenant, even though I, for my part, was a husband to them," says Y'HoVaH. <sup>33</sup> "For this is the Covenant I will make with the house of Israel after those days," says Y'HoVaH, "I will put My Torah within them and write it on their hearts; I will be their Elohim, and they will be My people. (Yirem'yahu [*Jeremiah*] 31:31-33)

Congregation: Isa 12:2 "See! Elohim is my salvation; I am confident and unafraid; for Y'HoVaH Elohim is my strength and my song, and He has become my salvation!" Isa 12:3 Then you will joyfully draw water from the springs of salvation. Ps 3:8 Victory comes from Y'HoVaH; may Your blessing rest on Your people. Ps 46:7 Y'HoVaH Tzva'ot is with us, our fortress, the Elohim of Ya'akov. Leader: "Baruch ata Y'HoVaH, Eloheinu Melech Ha'olam, ha motze lechem m'in ha eretz." (divide challah)

Congregation: "Blessed are You Y'HoVaH our Elohim, King of the Universe who has brought forth bread from the earth. Y'HoVaH Tzva'ot, how happy is anyone who trusts in You! (Ps 84:12). Give victory Y'HoVaH! Let the King answer us the day we call. (Ps 20:9) I will take the cup of redemption and call upon the Name, Y'HoVaH. (Ps 116:13).

Leader: (with cup in right hand) "The cup of deliverance I raise and in the Name of Y'HoVaH, Yeshua HaMashiach, I call: Baruch atah Y'HoVaH, Eloheinu Melech, ha'olam, boray p'ri ha'gafen." (Replace cup with spices) Congregation: Blessed are You, Y'HoVaH our Elohim, King of the universe, who creates the fruit of the vine.

Leader: Lifting spice container in right hand, says... "Baruch atah Y'HoVaH, Eloheinu Melech ha'olam, boray meenee besamim."

Congregation: Blessed are You, Y'HoVaH our Elohim, King of the universe, who creates the various spices.

Leader: As Avram gave to Malki-Tzedek according to B'resheet (Genesis) 14:18-20, let us all come and bring our offering; then take some Chullah; smell the spices; take your cup, return to your seats and wait, so we can partake together. Leader: *Pray in relation to what Yeshua has done in connection with the day's Torah portion.* "Let us eat and drink together".

Malachi & Tamar: Aharonic Blessing (see Num 6:22-27). Our Abba and Elohim of our fathers, we thank you for the joy and rest of this Shabbat. May the coming week bring gladness & peace, health & achievement. Like the fragrance of the besamim, we pray that the days ahead bring sweetness to our lives and the lives of our loved ones. May the peace, which we are enjoying linger till we gather for

Shabbat next week. We ask this in Yeshua's name. Amein.